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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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10/616,093

07/08/2003

Steven Verhaverbeke

4733 USA

9641

7590

09/20/2006

D01/TCG/TPG/OTHE

EXAMINER

MARKOFF, ALEXANDER

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ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1746

DATE MAILED: 09/20/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/616,093

Applicant(s)

VERHAVERBEKE ET AL.

Examiner

Alexander Markoff

Art Unit

1746

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 June 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 32, 34 and 36-50 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 32, 34 and 36-50 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 32, 37, 41, 47 and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by EP 0905747.

EP 0905747 teaches a method as claimed. See entire document, especially Parts [007] – [0017] and [0024] – [0031].

The method comprises spinning a wafer and application to the spinning wafer an etchant or cleaning solution and a gaseous substance having a lower surface tension than water and rinsing and drying. The referenced steps are disclosed in the claimed order.

3. Claim 32, 37, 41, 47 and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Mertens et al (US Patent No 6,491,764).

Mertens et al teach a method as claimed. See entire document, especially column, 2, line 36 – column 5, line 27 and column 5, line 61 – column 9, line 11. The

Art Unit: 1746

method comprises spinning a wafer and application to the spinning wafer an etchant or cleaning solution and a gaseous substance having a lower surface tension than water and rinsing and drying. The referenced steps are disclosed in the claimed order.

4. Claims 32, 34, 36-38, 40-44 and 46-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lorimer (US Patent No 6,460,552).

Lorimer teaches a method as claimed. See entire document, especially Figures 4, 7, 7a, columns 7-12.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Art Unit: 1746

7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

8. Claims 39 and 45 are alternatively rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lorimer in view of Chang et al (US Patent No 6,273,099).

Lorimer teaches the claimed method except for recitation of temperature of the rinsing water.

Chang et al teach that it was known to rinse the wafers with heated water. Chang et al further teach that rinsing with heated to the claimed temperature water improves cleaning, allows to eliminate some of the chemical cleaning steps and thereby provides considerable cost saving.

It would have been obvious to an ordinary artisan at the time the invention was made to rinse the wafers with heated water in the method of Lorimer with reasonable expectation of success in order to improve cleaning and to reduce the operation cost, because Chang et al teach that rinsing with heated water would provide such benefits.

9. Claims 38 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over any one of Mertens et al or EP 0905747 in view of Chang et al (US Patent No 6,273,099).

Mertens et al and EP 0905747, having similar disclosure teach the claimed method except for recitation of temperature of the rinsing water.

Chang et al teach that it was known to rinse the wafers with heated water. Chang et al further teach that rinsing with heated to the claimed temperature water improves cleaning, allows to eliminate some of the chemical cleaning steps and thereby provides considerable cost saving.

It would have been obvious to an ordinary artisan at the time the invention was made to rinse the wafers with heated water in the methods of Mertens et al or EP 0905747 with reasonable expectation of success in order to improve cleaning and to reduce the operation cost, because Chang et al teach that rinsing with heated water would provide such benefits.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed 6/26/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The applicants again argue that the EP publication and Mertens et al do not teach the sequential application of chemicals and a liquid or vapor with a lower surface tension. This is not persuasive. In contrast to the applicant's arguments the documents teach the sequential application. See at least parts [0026] and [0028] of the EP publication and corresponding teaching in Mertens et al.

The applicants amended the claims and argue that Lorimer does not teach sequentially applied IPA and water vapors.

Lorimer teaches the sequential application of chemicals as claimed. See at least column 12, lines 5-30 and Figure 7a.

The applicants state that Lorimer teaches away from the claimed invention by disclosure of the use of IPA and water.

This is not persuasive because the claims do not exclude such. The claims require application of a liquid or vapor having a lower surface tension than water. Mixture of IPA and water in liquid or vapor state would have such surface tension. It is noted that even water vapor would have surface tension lower than water. The claims are not limited to exclude any mixtures. The claims not even limited to the use of a vapor produced from a liquid having surface tension lower than water. The claims require the use of vapor, which has a lower surface tension than water.

The applicants argue that the rejection of the claims under 35 USC 103 made over combination the primary documents with Chang is not proper. The applicants allege that Chang does not remedy the alleged deficiencies of the primary documents. This is not persuasive because of the reasons provide above with respect to the teaching of the primary documents and because Chang was used to show that it was known to rinse the wafers with heated water.

Conclusion

11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

Art Unit: 1746

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).


A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander Markoff whose telephone number is 571-272-1304. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Barr can be reached on 571-272-1414. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1746

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.


Alexander Markoff
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1746

AM

ALEXANDER MARKOFF
PRIMARY EXAMINER